

River Murray Flow Report



Report #33/2019

Issued 10:00 am 30 August 2019

This supersedes the previous flow report issued by the Department for Environment and Water (DEW) on 23 August 2019. The next report will be provided on Friday 6 September 2019.

In this report, for ease of representation, large volumes of water are expressed in gigalitres (GL), while smaller volumes are expressed in megalitres (ML). One GL is equal to 1 000 ML.

WATER ALLOCATIONS AND PRIVATE CARRYOVER

Water allocations for South Australian River Murray Class 3 water access entitlement holders are 68%.

The next water allocation announcement will be issued on Monday 2 September 2019. Water availability updates will be provided twice a month during 2019-20 while water allocations are less than 100%.

Further information is included in the [SA's River Murray Water Allocation Statement](#) (open the link and scroll down to find the statement).

Private carryover will also be made available in 2019-20 for eligible Class 3 entitlement holders.

To make it easy to understand how private carryover works, please view the [carryover video](#).

FLOW OUTLOOK

The flow at the South Australian border is approximately 6.2 GL/day and will decrease to around 5.5 GL/day during the coming week. It comprises:

- reduced August Entitlement Flow of 2.5 GL/day;
- water for the environment; and
- interstate trade adjustments.

Due to the dry water resource conditions across the Murray-Darling Basin, South Australia is receiving reduced monthly Entitlement Flows. During September 2019, South Australia will receive a reduced Entitlement Flow of 105 GL, normal September Entitlement Flow is 135 GL. It is likely that reduced Entitlement Flows will continue during 2019-20 unless the water resource conditions improve enough to provide South Australia with its full Entitlement Flow. In addition to the reduced Entitlement Flow, South Australia will receive water for the environment.

The flow over Lock 1 is approximately 2.7 GL/day and will increase to around 4.5 GL/day during the coming week, depending on weather conditions and extractions.

It is important to note that flow forecasts in this advice are based on the information available at the time of preparation. Advice may change as new gauging information becomes available, or due to rainfall events or changed operations upstream.

ENVIRONMENTAL WATER

Water for the environment is currently moving through the River Murray System. This water includes return flows from watering events in the River Murray Channel. In South Australia, the water is being used to:

- deliver a range of outcomes to wetlands in the Riverland via arrangements with Renmark Irrigation Trust;
- provide for the next stage of the Lock 2 weir pool raising event. Water for the environment is supporting the temporary raising of the Lock 2 weir pool to help restore a more natural wetting cycle. This event will re-connect the main river channel with areas of the floodplain and wetlands along the Lock 2 reach of the river to provide a much needed watering. This will promote vegetation growth, provide habitat for wildlife and improve macroinvertebrate communities, which are an important food source for native fish.
- maintain a connection between the Lower Lakes and Coorong to allow for fish movement and migration. Winter barrage releases have been providing cues and connection to support the movement of several migratory fish species. Monitoring is underway to investigate the upstream migration and spawning of pouched and short-headed lamprey travelling from the Southern Ocean via the Coorong estuary to spawning grounds in upstream

areas of the River Murray System. A total of 42 lamprey (includes both species) have been found moving through the fishways at the barrages and have been tagged so their passage along the River Murray system can be traced. This will assist to understand their movements and lifecycle. Some of the tagged Lamprey have moved up the river as far as Lock 3.

- provide for ongoing releases to the Coorong to support a productive, food-rich environment for fish and birds; and
- improve salinity and water quality in the River Murray channel, Lower Lakes and Coorong.



Monitoring fish by trapping at Mundoo Barrage



Lamprey

Photos by Michelle Campbell CEWH

MURRAY MOUTH

Dredging operations at the Murray Mouth commenced on 9 January 2015 to maintain connectivity (exchange of water) between the Coorong and the Southern Ocean.

Both dredges are operating 24/7 in the Goolwa and Tauwitche channels. At 25 August 2019, a total of approximately 4 817 832 cubic metres of sand had been removed by dredging operations. Barrage releases combined with dredging have helped to maintain connectivity of the Murray Mouth.

There are a number of shallow zones in and adjacent to the Murray Mouth. Mariners should use caution when traversing the mouth area, follow all directions, reduce speed and avoid travelling at low tide. Mariners equipped with echo sounders should check depths regularly. Navigation through the Murray Mouth is only permitted during daylight hours. Exclusion Zones established around the dredging operations are in place to ensure public safety. Refer to Notice to Mariners No 42 of 2016 [Notice 42](#).

There is a partial park closure in place for the northern tip of the Coorong National Park. For more information visit [Coorong partial park closure notice](#)

BARRAGE OPERATIONS AND WATER LEVELS IN THE LOWER LAKES

The water level in Lake Alexandrina is approximately 0.77 m AHD and Lake Albert is approximately 0.84 m AHD. The difference in water level is due to wind effects. The increased water level in the Lower Lakes is due to water for the environment being provided. This water is, and will be, managed through the Lower Lakes to the Coorong via barrage releases. Water for the environment will enable barrage releases to be undertaken for a longer period.

During the week ending 27 August 2019 total barrage releases were approximately 22 GL. All fishways remain open. During adverse weather conditions SA Water will operate the barrages to minimise the risk of seawater entering Lake Alexandrina, therefore minimising any negative salinity impacts from reverse flow events.

Water levels and barrage operations are monitored closely by the South Australian Government, Murray-Darling Basin Authority and Commonwealth Environmental Water Office.

WEIR POOL MANIPULATIONS

The Normal Pool Level (NPL) and Normal Operating Range (NOR) for the South Australian locks and weirs are identified in the table below.

Weir	Normal Pool Level (NPL) m AHD	Normal Operating Range (NOR) m AHD
Lock 6 - Murtho	19.25	19.17 - 19.50
Lock 5 - Renmark	16.30	16.13 - 16.43
Lock 4 – Bookpurnong	13.20	13.16 - 13.50
Lock 3 - Overland Corner	9.80	9.77 - 10.02
Lock 2 – Waikerie	6.10	5.90 - 6.40
Lock 1 – Blanchetown	3.20	3.10 - 3.40

Weir and Lock 2

The Lock 2 weir pool raising event is being undertaken in stages. The first stage of the raising event has occurred. The next stage of raising commenced today. Tomorrow, the Lock 2 water level is likely to reach the targeted maximum of 6.62 m AHD, which is 0.52 m above NPL. This water level is expected to be held for a period and then slowly returned to normal pool level by the end of November 2019.

NAVIGATION ISSUES

Mariners are advised to navigate with caution upstream of Lock 2 due to the weir pool raising event. Mariners may also need to adjust moorings (see Notice to Mariners No 27 of 2019 (Temporary)).

Sandbars in the vicinity of the Murray Mouth may cause navigation hazards. Mariners are advised to navigate with caution when operating in the area. Sandbars are also present along sections of the River Murray downstream of Locks 7 and 8 and in South Australia. All Mariners should be aware of the risk of submerged navigation hazards, and should regularly check river depth.

RIVERINE RECOVERY CONSTRUCTION WORKS

The Riverine Recovery Project is now in the process of wrapping up after 10 years. Works are still underway at Teal Flat, Putjeda Creek and Bollenhagen Road in Gurra Gurra.

A video has been developed that tells the story of the Riverine Recovery Project, why it was needed and the various impacts it has had throughout its duration. You can view the full video or a shorter version using the following links [9 minute video](#) and [4 minute video](#)

SA RIVERLAND FLOODPLAINS INTEGRATED INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION WORKS

Katarapko

Construction works on the Katarapko Floodplain are expected to be completed by mid-2020. As a result, some parts of the Murray River National Park will be temporarily closed for camping and other recreational activities. See the link for temporary park closure map [Caring for Katarapko](#)

For safety reasons, the following water access restrictions apply to river vessels and people (other than authorised personnel) until late March 2020:

1. Sawmill Creek, the entire length between Katarapko Creek and Eckert's Creek; and
2. Eckert's Creek, for 1.3 kilometres upstream of the confluence point with Katarapko Creek (ie *The Splash*).

The construction works will enable over 1120 hectares of floodplain to be inundated more regularly to improve ecological health and resilience. For more information, or to receive regular updates, about the Katarapko Floodplain Project please contact the Department for Environment and Water's Engagement Officer, Ms Ellee Eleftheriadis on 8595 2148 or email ellee.eleftheriadis2@sa.gov.au

Pike

Regulating structures and a blocking bank on the Pike Floodplain are expected to be completed by December 2019. During the construction period, vessels and persons other than those participating in the works are prohibited from entering the Pike River near the Rumpagunyah Creek and Tanyaca Creek junction, downstream of the Mundic Creek junction. The works will enable a portion of the floodplain to be inundated more regularly to improve ecological health and fish to move freely between the River Murray and the floodplain.

RIVER MURRAY WATER LEVELS

Below is a table of River Murray water levels at a number of locations from Lock 10 to Murray Bridge.

River Murray Water Levels

Location	River km	Normal Pool Level (m AHD)	Current Level 28/8/2019 (m AHD)	1974 Flood Level (m AHD)	1993 Flood Level (m AHD)	2016 High Water Level (m AHD)
Lock 10	825.0	30.80	30.89	33.81	33.32	32.72
Lock 9 Kulnine	764.8	27.40	27.45	30.03	29.44	28.85
Lock 8 Wangumma	725.7	24.60	24.71	27.60	27.19	26.85
Lock 7 Rufus River	696.6	22.10	22.23	25.70	25.24	24.97
Lock 6 Murtho	619.8	19.25	19.24	21.03	20.50	20.19
Renmark	567.4	-	16.35	18.54	18.04	17.44
Lock 5	562.4	16.30	16.34	18.07	17.50	17.05
Lyrup	537.8	-	13.28	16.85	16.26	15.80
Berri	525.9	-	13.26	15.81	15.74	15.21
Lock 4	516.2	13.20	13.25	15.65	15.08	14.73
Loxton	489.9	-	9.96	15.05	14.12	13.54
Cobdogla	446.9	-	9.84	13.44	12.38	11.59
Lock 3	431.4	9.80	9.80	13.16	12.02	10.98
Overland Corner	425.9	-	6.64	12.73	11.58	10.41
Waikerie	383.6	-	6.66	11.26	10.24	9.20
Lock 2	362.1	6.10	6.57	10.28	9.30	8.32
Cadell	332.6	-	3.33	9.17	8.08	7.01
Morgan	321.7	-	3.26	8.85	7.65	6.38
Lock 1 Blanchetown	274.2	3.20	3.20	6.81	5.38	4.46
Swan Reach	245.0	0.75	0.83	6.06	4.51	3.11
Mannum PS	149.8	0.75	0.86	3.15	1.90	1.33
Murray Bridge	115.3	0.75	0.79	2.06	1.26	1.04

Note that the above water levels may be affected by local wind conditions

FURTHER INFORMATION

The WaterConnect website is South Australia's comprehensive water information portal. For real-time data (like salinity, water levels) go to the following page:

[WaterConnect Real-time water data](#)

Up-to-date River Murray salinity, flow and water level information can be accessed at the Department for Environment and Water, SA Water and Murray-Darling Basin Authority websites

- [Water allocation and carryover announcements](#)
- [River Murray real-time water data](#)
- [SA Water River Murray info - levels, flows etc.](#)
- [Murray-Darling Basin real-time water data](#)

The latest news, information and announcements about the River Murray and Basin Plan are available at [River Murray Update](#).

The Department for Environment and Water has published a series of inundation maps for the River Murray. They are available at [River Murray Inundation Maps](#)

Information on the management of acid drainage water in the Lower River Murray can be accessed at [Acid drainage water LMRIA](#)

Details of river height and rainfall information in the River Murray within Victoria and New South Wales are available at the Bureau of Meteorology website

[Victoria rainfall and river conditions](#)

[NSW rainfall and river conditions](#)

Information provided by the Commonwealth Environmental Water Office can be accessed at [CEWH Environmental Watering](#)

Information on The Living Murray can be accessed at [MDBA TLM](#)

Chowilla Floodplain Icon Site management [Chowilla-floodplain](#)

Department for Environment and Water [Home page](#)

Information provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure on boat licences, registering motor boats, owning and operating water craft, and boat and marine safety can be accessed at

[Boating and marine](#)

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